		Agenda Item No.	4
DATE SUBMITTED	6/26/2024	COUNCIL ACTION	(X)
SUBMITTED BY	ADMIN SERVICES DIRECTOR	PUBLIC HEARING REQUIRED RESOLUTION	( )
DATE ACTION REQUIRED	7/03/2024	ORDINANCE 1 <sup>ST</sup> READING ORDINANCE 2 <sup>ND</sup> READING CITY CLERK'S INITIALS	( )

### IMPERIAL CITY COUNCIL

AGENDA	ITEM				
SUBJECT: FISCAL YEAR 2022 INDEPENDENT	AUDIT REPORT.				
Receive and file the Independent attached to this agenda item as As	City audit for Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022				
attached to this agenda item as A	ttachment 1.				
DEPARTMENT FINANCE DEPARTMENT					
INVOLVED:					
BACKGROUND/SUMMARY:					
The FY 2022 independent audit was performed by LLP on the City's financial statements for the fiscal	l year ending June 30, 2022.				
The City received an "unmodified" audit opinion on the City's financial statements as they were found by our auditors to "fairly present the financial position of all funds of the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022".					
Staff is available to answer questions on any aspect	t of the results of this independent audit.				
FISCAL IMPACT: None. This is a "receive and file" for report presented by management to the City Council as record of interest to various stakeholders.					
STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends that the Council receive and file the FY 2022 annual audit for the year ending June 30, 2022.	City ne fiscal DEPT. INITIALS				
CITY MANAGER'S RECOMMENDATION:  Approve stopy recommendat	CITY MANAGER'S INITIALS				
MOTION:					
SECONDED: AYES: NAYES: ABSENT:	APPROVED () REJECTED () DISAPPROVED () DEFERRED () REFERRED TO:				

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL

**Annual Financial Report** 

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### I. FINANCIAL SECTION

Α.	Independent Auditor's Report	
B.	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Activities	••••••
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Governmental Funds:	
	Balance Sheet	
	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
	to the Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	1
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement	
	of Activities	13
	Proprietary Funds:	
	Statement of Net Position	
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
	Statement of Cash Flows	16
	Fiduciary Funds:	
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
	Notes to Basic Financial Statements	21
_		
D.	Required Supplementary Information:	
	General Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
	Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	47
	LTA Measure D – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
	Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	48
	ARPA – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
	Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
	Schedule of Pension Contributions	51
Е	Commission and all Information	
E.	Supplemental Information	
	Description of Nonmajor Governmental Funds	53
	Combining Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
	Combining Nonmajor Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
	Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	64
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
	Budget and Actual	
	Traffic Congestion Relief Special Revenue Fund	73

Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund	74
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	75
Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund	76
Successor Agency Housing Special Revenue Fund	
Public Safety Prop 172 Revenue Fund	78
CDBG Home Grant Special Revenue Fund	
Housing Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund	80
RLA Special Revenue Fund	81
Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting Special Revenue Fund	82
Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting Special Revenue Fund	
Joshua Tree Street Improvement Special Revenue Fund	84
Library Donation Special Revenue Fund	85
Sky Ranch District Special Revenue Fund	86
Library Literacy Special Revenue Fund	
General Housing Special Revenue Fund	
Fire Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	89
Police Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	90
Administration Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	91
Library Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	
Park Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	93
Circulation Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	
SB1 Special Revenue Fund	0.5

PARTNERS
RONALD A LEVY, CPA
CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA
HADLEY Y HUI, CPA
ALEXANDER C HOM, CPA
ADAM V GUISE, CPA
TRAVIS J HOLE, CPA

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 9465 WILSHIRE BLVD., 3<sup>RD</sup> FLOOR BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90212 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 HANNUM AVE., SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members of the City Council of the City of Imperial Imperial, California

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Imperial, California as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Imperial, California, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and those standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

OFFICES: BEVERLY HILLS · CULVER CITY · SANTA MARIA

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of
  time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - General Fund, the Schedule of Revenues. Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - LTA Measure D Special Revenue Fund, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual - ARPA Special Revenue Fund, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 47 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has chosen not to present a Management's Discussion and Analysis. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Imperial's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Combining Financial Statements for the Nonmajor Governmental Funds listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Combining Financial Statements for the Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional

procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 4, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Culver City, California

June 4, 2024

This page left intentionally blank

### **CITY OF IMPERIAL** Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmenta Activities	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		
Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 18,882,89	• •	\$ 38,448,290	
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		8,248,443	8,248,443	
Accounts Receivable	677,37	8 1,192,022	1,869,400	
Notes Receivable	1,502,18	9	1,502,189	
Inventory		35,842	35,842	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	3,329,40	0 21,092,271	24,421,671	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	24,780,38	2 10,790,232	35,570,614	
Total Assets	49,172,24	8 60,924,201	110,096,449	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension related	1,361,05	4 249,807	1,610,861	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,361,05	4 249,807	1,610,861	
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	897,97	5 322,714	1,220,689	
Deposits Payable	97,51	·	802,304	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,		<b>-,</b> :	
Net Pension Liability	1,780,24	9 483,906	2,264,155	
Due Within One Year	1,100,0	1,531,354	1,531,354	
Due in More Than One Year	428,12		31,152,406	
Total Liabilities	3,203,85	<del></del>	36,970,908	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension related	1,326,11	3 360,463	1,686,576	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,326,11		1,686,576	
Total Deterred lilliows of Resources	1,320,11	3 300,403	1,080,370	
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	28,109,78	2 7,943,391	36,053,173	
Restricted for:				
Parks and Recreation	2,678,01	8	2,678,018	
Public Works	5,329,55	2	5,329,552	
Public Safety	1,450,81		1,450,817	
Community Development	2,653,57		2,653,576	
Unrestricted	5,781,58		24,884,690	
Total Net Position	\$ 46,003,33	\$ 27,046,492	\$ 73,049,826	

#### **CITY OF IMPERIAL**

#### **Statement of Activities**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues						
Functions		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	3,940,378	\$	3,275,853	\$	2,167,345	\$	_	
Public Safety		4,607,326		86,986		378,219			
Community Development		918,659		24,993		96,963			
Public Works		6,955,758		480,950		2,078,793		1,693,026	
Parks and Recreation		1,677,854		506,121		62,300		, ,	
Total Governmental Activities		18,099,975		4,374,903		4,783,620		1,693,026	
Business-type Activities:									
Water		3,542,353		6,592,040					
Sewer		5,285,925		6,998,197		154,334			
Total Business-type Activities		8,828,278		13,590,237		154,334			
Total Primary Government	\$	26,928,253	\$	17,965,140	\$	4,937,954	\$	1,693,026	

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

**Property Taxes** 

Sales and Use Taxes

**Business License Taxes** 

**Transient Occupancy Taxes** 

Franchise Taxes

Other Taxes

Unrestricted Motor Vehicle License Tax

**Licenses and Permits** 

Fines and Forfeitures

Use of Money and Property

Other Revenue

#### **Transfers**

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net position

Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year

Net Position - End of Fiscal Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Business-			
G	overnmental		type			
	Activities		Activities			Total
\$	1,502,820		\$	-	\$	1,502,820
	(4,142,121)					(4,142,121)
	(796,703)					(796,703)
	(2,702,989)					(2,702,989)
	(1,109,433)					(1,109,433)
	(7,248,426)	_				(7,248,426)
			3,049,68	87		3,049,687
			1,866,6	06		1,866,606
			4,916,29	93		4,916,293
	(7,248,426)		4,916,29	93		(2,332,133)
	1,887,446					1,887,446
	3,913,328					3,913,328
	71,056					71,056
	60,001					60,001
	359,662					359,662
	62,655					62,655
	1,956,441					1,956,441
	9,690					9,690
	183,068					183,068
	39,243		14,1:	50		53,393
	306,256					306,256
	1,517,132		(1,517,1	32)		
	10,365,978		(1,502,9	82)		8,862,996
	3,117,552		3,413,3	11		6,530,863
	42,885,782		23,633,1	81_		66,518,963
\$	46,003,334	_\$_	27,046,49	92_	\$_	73,049,826

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

**Special Revenue Funds** Nonmajor Total **LTA** Governmental Governmenta General Measure D **ARPA Funds Funds** Assets: Cash and Investments \$ 6,236,593 \$ \$ 1,830,865 5,047 \$ 10,810,394 \$ 18,882,899 Accounts Receivable 536,341 141,037 677,37: Loan Receivable 1,502,189 1,502,189 Due from Other Funds 1,098,358 1,098,35 **Total Assets** \$ 7,871,292 1,830,865 5,047 \$ \$ 12,453,620 \$ 22,160,82 Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts Payable \$ 42,679 \$ 329,321 \$ 131,235 897,97: 394,740 \$ Deposits Payable 97,510 97,510 Due to Other Funds 1,098,358 1,098,35 **Total Liabilities** 140,189 329,321 131,235 1,493,098 2,093,843 Deferred Inflows of Resources:: Loans Related 1,502,189 1,502,184 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,502,189 1,502,189 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 140,189 329,321 131,235 2,995,287 3,596,032 Fund Balances: Restricted for: Community Development 2,653,576 2,653,570 **Public Safety** 1,450,817 1,450,81 **Public Works** 1,501,544 3,828,008 5,329,55: Parks and Recreation 2,624,290 2,624,291 Unassigned 7,731,103 (126, 188)(1,098,358)6,506,55 **Total Fund Balances** 7,731,103 1,501,544 (126, 188)9,458,333 18,564,792 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 7,871,292 1,830,865 \$ 5,047 \$ 12,453,620 \$ 22,160,824

#### **CITY OF IMPERIAL**

### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 18,564,792
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the st all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated of		
Capital assets at historical cost	\$ 58,308,620	
Accumulated depreciation	(30,198,838)	28,109,782
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: I inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources.	they are applicable to future periods. In the	
Deferred outflows related to pension		1,361,054
Deferred inflows related to pension		(1,326,113)
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities consist of:		
Net pension liability		(1,780,249)
Compensated absences payable		(428,121)
Certain notes receivable are not available to pay for current perio by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	od expenditures and, therefore, are offset	1,502,189
•		
Total net position - governmental activities		 46,003,334

This page left intentionally blank

## CITY OF IMPERIAL Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds Nonmajor Total LTA Governmental Governmental General Measure D **ARPA Funds Funds** Revenues **Property Taxes** \$ 1,887,446 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,887,446 Sales and Use Taxes 3,913,328 1,071,200 4,984,528 **Business License Taxes** 71,056 71,056 Transient Occupancy Tax 60,001 60,001 Other Taxes 62,655 62,655 Licenses and Permits 9,690 9,690 Fines and Forfeitures 183.068 183,068 Use of Money and Property 3,768 455 549 34,471 39,243 Charges for Services 3,271,429 1,157,202 4,428,631 Intergovernmental 2,095,902 1,693,026 2,167,345 1,405,614 7,361,887 Franchise Tax 359,662 359,662 Other 91,969 214,255 306,256 12,009,974 **Total Revenues** 2,978,936 2,167,894 2,597,319 19,754,123 **Expenditures** Current: General Government 2,849,458 619,110 3,468,568 Public Safety 4,243,898 25,354 4,269,252 **Public Works** 3.056.551 2,747,313 90,538 5,894,402 Parks and Recreation 1,486,958 190,896 1,677,854 Community Development 766,031 152,628 918,659 Capital Outlay 476,961 264,096 627,851 565,968 1,934,876 **Total Expenditures** 12,879,857 3,011,409 1,246,961 1,025,384 18,163,611 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (869,883)(32,473)920,933 1,571,935 1,590,512 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In 4,116,647 42 4,116,689 (642,719) (1,047,121) Transfers Out (909,717)(2,599,557)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 4,116,647 (1,047,121)(909,675)(642,719)1,517,132 Net Change in Fund Balances 3,246,764 (675, 192)(126, 188)662,260 3,107,644 Fund Balances - July 1, 2021 4,484,339 2,176,736 8,796,073 15,457,148 Fund Balances - June 30, 2022 \$ 7,731,103 \$ 1,501,544 \$ (126,188) \$ 9,458,333 18,564,792

This page left intentionally blank

#### **CITY OF IMPERIAL**

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds				\$ 3,107,644
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the states of activities, the costs of those capital assets are allocated over their estimated use as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depin the current period.	ful liv			
Capital outlay	S	1,413,4	111	
Depreciation expense		(2,225,1	25)	(811,714)
Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures at then, offset by a deferred inflow of resources, as they are not available to pay curr Likewise, when the note is collected, it is reflected in revenue. This is the net chabetween notes receivable collected and issued.	rent ex	penditures	i	(53,728)
Compensated absence expenditures reported in the statement of activities do not rethe use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditure in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the	•			
current period.				68,082
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. In additivities, Postion and Total Pension Liability are deferred inflows and outflow This is the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer comparting the state of the form	ion, ch ws and	anges in d amortize		
amortization of deferred inflows and outflows in the current fiscal year.			-	807,268
Change in net position of governmental activities			_	\$ 3,117,552

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total			
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,876,861	\$ 9,688,530	\$ 19,565,391			
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	7,243,123	1,005,320	8,248,443			
Accounts Receivable	610,049	581,973	1,192,022			
Inventory	35,842		35,842			
Total Current Assets	17,765,875	11,275,823	29,041,698			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Land	99,357	179,040	278,397			
Machinery and Equipment	4,840,261	1,773,255	6,613,516			
Infrastructure	25,720,650	21,308,740	47,029,390			
Construction In Progress Less:		20,813,874	20,813,874			
Accumulated Depreciation	(22,661,295)	(20,191,379)	(42,852,674)			
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,998,973	23,883,530	31,882,503			
			01,002,000			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension Related	152,056	97,751	249,807			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	152,056	97,751	249,807			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,916,904	35,257,104	61,174,008			
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	270,338	52,376	322,714			
Deposits Payable	331,167	373,627	704,794			
Long Term Debt - Due within One Year	739,200	792,154	1,531,354			
Total Current Liabilities	1,340,705	1,218,157	2,558,862			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences	53,614	14,470	68,084			
Net Pension Liability	294,551	189,355	483,906			
Due in More Than One Year	11,423,063	19,233,138	30,656,201			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,771,228	19,436,963	31,208,191			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pension Related	219,412	141,051	360,463			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	219,412	141,051	360,463			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,331,345	20,796,171	34,127,516			
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,079,833	4,863,558	7,943,391			
Unrestricted	9,505,726	9,597,375	19,103,101			
Total Net Position	\$ 12,585,559	\$ 14,460,933	\$ 27,046,492			
· om· i · o· i · oomon	<del>* .2,505,557</del>	17,700,733	<u> </u>			

#### **CITY OF IMPERIAL**

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise funds						
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total				
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 6,989,961	\$ 6,589,482	\$ 13,579,443				
Other Operating Revenue	8,236	2,558	10,794				
Total Operating Revenues	6,998,197	6,592,040	13,590,237				
Operating Expenses:							
Personnel	811,359	453,896	1,265,255				
Administrative	1,596,459	790,492	2,386,951				
Materials and Supplies	759,399	96,686	856,085				
Maintenance	504,442	317,155	821,597				
Depreciation	1,223,191	1,172,458	2,395,649				
Total Operating Expenses	4,894,850	2,830,687	7,725,537				
Operating Income	2,103,347	3,761,353	5,864,700				
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Interest Revenue	7,293	6,857	14,150				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(391,075)	(711,666)	(1,102,741)				
Intergovernmental Revenue	(,,	154,334	154,334				
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(383,782)	(550,475)	(934,257)				
Income (Loss) before transfers	1,719,565	3,210,878	4,930,443				
Transfers							
Transfers In	4,170	3,130	7,300				
Transfers Out	(1,481,344)	(43,088)	(1,524,432)				
Total Transfers	(1,477,174)	(39,958)	(1,517,132)				
Change in Net Position	242,391	3,170,920	3,413,311				
Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year	12,343,168	11,290,013	23,633,181				
Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 12,585,559	\$ 14,460,933	\$ 27,046,492				

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Funds
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Users Cash Payments to Suppliers and Contractors	\$	7,081,659	\$	6,617,195	\$	13,698,854
Cash Payments to Suppliers and Contractors  Cash Payments to Employees		(2,822,122) (954,803)		(1,474,660) (546,111)		(4,296,782) (1,500,914)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		3,304,734		4,596,424	_	7,901,158
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers In		4,170		3,130		7,300
Transfers Out		(1,481,344)		(43,088)	_	(1,524,432)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		(1,477,174)		(39,958)	_	(1,517,132)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest Received		8,642		6,857		15,499
Net Cash Provided (Used) in Investing Activities		8,642		6,857		15,499
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of Property, Plant, and Equipment		(95,226)		(1,284,022)		(1,379,248)
Intergovernmental				154,334		154,334
Principal Payments on Debt Borrowings		(655,000)		(720,000)		(1,375,000)
Interest Paid		(455,276)	_	(757,698)	_	(1,212,974)
Net Cash Provided (Used) In Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		(1,205,502)		(2,607,386)	_	(3,812,888)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH						
EQUIVALENTS		630,700		1,955,937		2,586,637
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR		16,489,284		8,737,913	_	25,227,197
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR	_\$	17,119,984	<u>\$</u>	10,693,850	<u>\$</u>	27,813,834
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:						
Cash and Investments	\$	9,876,861	\$	9,688,530	\$	19,565,391
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent		7,243,123		1,005,320		8,248,443
	\$	17,119,984	\$	10,693,850	\$	27,813,834
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating Income	\$	2,103,347	\$	3,761,353	\$	5,864,700
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating				_		
Activities:						
Depreciation		1,223,191		1,172,458		2,395,649
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows:		02.462		25.155		100 (17
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		83,462		25,155		108,617
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		156,788 (340,069)		(309,725) (218,618)		(152,937) (558,687)
(Increase) Decrease in Pension Related Deferred Outflows		(19,175)		(12,326)		(31,501)
Increase (Decrease) in Pension Related Deferred Inflows		215,800		138,729		354,529
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable		(118,610)		39,398	_	(79,212)
Total Adjustments		1,201,387		835,071	_	2,036,458
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	3,304,734	\$	4,596,424	\$	7,901,158
· • • <del>-</del>			_		_	

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Fund - This fund holds assets and liabilities for CFDs.

RDA Successor Agency - This fund accounts for the former redevelopment agency.

This page left intentionally blank

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	1	vate Purpose rust Fund RDA Successor Agency	Agency Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$	3,516,361	\$	- 4,898,389	
Accounts receivable Interest receivable		183,554			
Loans receivable		501,073			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		311,012	_		
Total Assets		4,512,000		4,898,389	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	183,554	\$	-	
Deposits payable		-		4,898,389	
Long-term debt, due within one year		810,000			
Long-term debt, due in more than one year		16,060,000			
Total Liabilities		17,053,554		4,898,389	
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for others		(12,541,554)			
Total Net Position	\$	(12,541,554)			

# CITY OF IMPERIAL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust Fund RDA			
	Successor Agency			
Additions:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,241,359			
Use of money and property	44,888			
Total additions	2,286,247			
Deductions:				
Interest Expense	637,366			
Contribution to City	250,000			
Total deductions	887,366			
Change in net position	1,398,881			
Net Position - July 1, 2021	(13,940,435)			
Net Position - June 30, 2022	\$ (12,541,554)			

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Imperial is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member City Council who, in turn, elects one of its members to serve as the Mayor. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City. The blended component units have a June 30 fiscal year end to coincide with the City's.

Blended Component Units. In May 1994, the Imperial Financing Authority (Authority) was formed in order to provide a funding vehicle for necessary street improvements within the City. The governing board of the Imperial Financing Authority is the City Council, and the City Manager acts as Executive Director. A separate financial report is not being issued for the Imperial Financing Authority. The activity of the Authority is reported within the General Fund of the City.

The Imperial Community Facilities District (District) was formed in order to provide funding for necessary community development projects within the City. The City currently has six separate Districts: 2004-1 Victoria, 2004-2 Mayfield, 2004-3 Bratton, 2005-1 Springfield, 2006-Monterrey Park, and 2006-2 Savannah Ranch.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

**Fund Financial Statements** 

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from Nonoperating, such as charges for services, as they result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports two major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds. For the City, the General Fund includes activities such as public protection, public works and facilities, parks and recreation, and community development.
- The LTA Measure D Special Revenue Fund was established to account for all proceeds and expenditures associated with street and highway projects received as part of the local transportation authority Measure D sales tax.
- The ARPA Special Revenue Fund was established to account for all proceeds and expenditures associated the American Rescue Plan.

The City reports the following two major enterprise funds:

- The Water Fund was established to account for the financial activity for the purpose of operation and maintenance of City's water utility. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered through user charges.
- The Sewer Fund was established to account for the financial activity for the purpose of operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system including the wastewater treatment plant. The costs of providing these services to the general public are financed or recovered through user charges.

The City reports the following additional fund types:

#### Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government units, and/or other funds.

Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the operations of the former redevelopment agency.

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements except for Agency Funds (that have no measurement focus) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for debt service expenditures which are recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, transient occupancy taxes, and interest are susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at fiscal year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

In order to maximize the flexibility of its investment program and to aid in cash budgeting, the City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

#### 1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

In accordance with the State of California Government Code, the City adopts an investment policy annually that, among other things, authorizes types and concentrations of investments and maximum investment terms.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of its portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No.31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. The fair values are based on quoted market prices, if available, or estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, based on the specific identification method, are included in interest revenue when earned.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means when due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Imperial collects property taxes for the City and Agency. Tax liens attach annually on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1<sup>st</sup> to June 30<sup>th</sup>. One-half of the taxes on real property are due on November 1<sup>st</sup>; the second installment is due on March 1<sup>st</sup>. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid by December 10<sup>th</sup> and April 10<sup>th</sup> respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year and are delinquent, if unpaid by August 31<sup>st</sup>.

The City has elected to receive the City's portion of the property taxes from the county under the county Teeter Bill program. Under this program, the City receives 100 percent of the City's share of the levied property taxes in periodic payments with the county assuming the responsibility for the delinquencies

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

#### 2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

GASB issued Statement No. 87 "Leases" to better meet the information needs of financial statements users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease asset and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Implementation of GASB No. 87 did not have a fiscal impact on the City for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, fine art, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, traffic lights and signals, street lights, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	
Buildings	
	30
	20 to 40
	40 to 75
	5 to 15
	7
	7

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

#### 5. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. All vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued as earned by employees. A portion of unused sick leave benefits, varying by employee bargaining unit, vests and is payable upon retirement. For proprietary funds, a current liability is reported for that portion of the estimated value of vacation and sick leave benefits to be used during the subsequent fiscal year, and the estimated value of vacation vested sick leave benefits of employees approaching or at their respective retirement ages. The balance is considered a long-term obligation.

A liability is accrued for all earned but unused leave benefits in the government-wide and enterprise fund statements. This liability will be liquidated as either additional cash payments in the event of employee termination or as part of budgeted salary expenditures if used by employees as compensated leave time while still employed by the City. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds accrue current liabilities for material vacation leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to fiscal year-end. Non-current amounts will be recorded as fund expenditures in the fiscal year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

#### 6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the indebtedness using the straight line method. Notes payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 7. Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment In Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted Net Position* – This category represents net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted resources first.

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal
  action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council) and that remain
  binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to
  occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific
  purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body or an
  official designated for that purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance the residual classification for the City's funds that include amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The City Council establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution.

#### G. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements.

The provisions for Statement Number 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

The provisions for Statement Number 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

The provisions for Statement Number 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

The provisions for GASB Statement Number 99, "Omnibus 2022" are effective for fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2022, and June 15, 2023.

The provisions of Statement Number 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62" are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

The provisions of Statement Number 101 "Compensated Absences" are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

#### a. General Budget Policies

- 1. The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. It includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The City Council approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations throughout the fiscal year. All amendments made during the fiscal year are included in the budgetary amounts reported herein. The "appropriated budget" covers all City expenditures, with the exception of debt service on bond issues and capital improvement projects carried forward from prior fiscal years, which expenditures constitute legally authorized "non-appropriated budget". Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded as encumbrances to assist in controlling expenditures. Appropriations which are encumbered, lapse at fiscal year-end, and then are added to the following fiscal year's budgeted appropriations.
- 4. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, there were no budgets adopted for any fund except the General Fund.

The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

Budget comparisons are not presented for the Proprietary Funds, as the City is not legally required to adopt a budget for these fund types.

#### **B.** Budget/USGAAP Reconciliation

No funds adopted project-length or budgetary basis budgets and, therefore, no schedule reconciling the amounts on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual to the amounts on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances has been prepared.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

#### C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the following funds had excess expenditures over appropriations.

Fund	Amount
Major Governmental Fund:	
General Fund:	
Public Works	\$ 833,961
Capital Outlay	476,961
LTA Measure D Fund	1,669,409
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:	
Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting Fund	149,237
Sky Ranch District Fund	25,084

#### D. Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had an accumulated deficit:

Fund	 Amount	
Major Governmental Funds:		
ARPA	\$ 126,188	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Traffic Congestion Relief	29,996	
Prop 1B	164,419	
Police Technology Grant	112,075	
STPL	615,001	
Per Capita	176,867	

These fund balance deficits are primarily due to the City incurring costs in excess of receiving revenues. The Funds should alleviate these deficits as revenues are received or as General Fund transfers funds.

#### **NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	450		
Deposits with financial institutions	48,619,120			
Investments		6,491,913		
Total cash and investments	\$	55,111,483		

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### A. <u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment</u> Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Imperial (City) by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Bonds issued by the City	N/A	None	None
US Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Issues	5 years	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	l year	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	None
County Pool Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75 Million
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Shares of Beneficial Interest by a JPA	N/A	None	None

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the City.

#### B. <u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the Investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements (Continued)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment
Local Agency Bonds	N/A		in One Issuer
		None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	N/A	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	N/A	None	None
Money Market Mutual Fund	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	N/A	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	N/A	None	None
Investment Agreements	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the City.

#### C. <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining matu				rity (in Months)			
			12 Months		13 to 24 25-60		More	Than 60		
Investment Type		Totals		or Less	_M	onths	Mo	onths	M	onths
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$_	6,491,913	\$	6,491,913	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	\$	6,491,913	\$	6,491,913	\$		\$	-	\$	-

#### D. <u>Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations</u>

The City has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### E. <u>Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk</u>

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating, as of fiscal year end, for each investment type.

						Rating as of Fiscal Year End							
Investment Type	_	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	F	rempt rom closure	A	4A		AA		4		Not Rated
State Investment Pool	\$	6,491,913	N/A	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	6,491,913
Total	_\$_	6,491,913		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	6,491,913

### F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than money market) that represent 5% or more of total City's investments.

### G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2022, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

# NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

### I. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy establish by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three tiered fair value hierarchy as follows: Level 1 – Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets; Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active; and Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources. The City did not have any investments applicable to recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022.

### **NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

### A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". The following presents a summary of current interfund balances at June 30, 2022:

Receivable Fund	Amount	Payable Fund	Amount
Major Governmental Fund:		Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	 
General Fund	\$ 1,098,358	Traffic Congestion Relief	\$ 29,996
		Prop 1B Fund	164,419
Totals	\$ 1,098,358	Police Technology Grant Fund	112,075
		STPL Fund	615,001
		Per Capita	 176,867
		Totals	\$ 1,098,358

### **B.** Transfers between Funds

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations, and re-allocations of special revenues. All inter-fund transfers between individual government funds have been eliminated on the government-wide statements. The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

# NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

# B. Transfers between Funds (Continued)

Fund	Т	ransfers-in	Transfers-out		
Major Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	4,116,647			
LTA Measure D			642,719		
ARPA			1,047,121		
Major Enterprise Funds:			, ,		
Water Fund		4,170	1,481,344		
Sewer Fund		3,130	43,088		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			•		
TCRF Special Revenue Fund			30,000		
Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund			3,500		
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund			338,775		
Local Transportation Special Revenue Fund			5,000		
Public Safety Prop 172 Special Revenue Fund			91,879		
Housing Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund			5,000		
RLA Special Revenue Fund			5,000		
Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting Special Revenue Fund			31,589		
Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting Special Revenue Fund			112,857		
Sky Ranch District Special Revenue Fund			215,625		
Library Literacy Special Revenue Fund			39,742		
SB1 Special Revenue Fund			·		
Housing General Special Revenue Fund			5,000		
Park Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund			25,000		
ARPA Utility Special Revenue Fund			750		
Utility Assistance Special Revenue Fund		42			
Totals	\$	4,123,989	\$ 4,123,989		

# **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2021		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		Balance at June 30, 2022	
Governmental activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	3,329,400	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,329,400
Construction in progress		-		360,255				(360,255)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		3,329,400		360,255				(360,255)		3,329,400
Capital assets, being depreciated:										_
Machinery and Equipment		7,701,210		1,041,805						8,743,015
Infrastructure		45,864,599		11,351				360,255		46,236,205
Total capital assets being depreciated		53,565,809	_	1,053,156				360,255		54,979,220
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Machinery and Equipment		(6,751,333)		(387,687)						(7,139,020)
Infrastructure	(	21,222,380)		(1,837,438)						23,059,818)
Total accumulated depreciation	(	27,973,713)		(2,225,125)					(.	30,198,838)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		25,592,096		(1,171,969)				360,255		24,780,382
Governmental activities capital assets, net	_\$_	28,921,496	\$	(811,714)	\$		\$	-	\$ 2	28,109,782

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows (continued):

Business-type activities:	Balance at June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2022	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 278,397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 278,397	
Construction in progress	19,548,599	1,265,275			20,813,874	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	19,826,996	1,265,275			21,092,271	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements	19,270,611				19,270,611	
Machinery and Equipment	6,576,019	37,495			6,613,514	
Infrastructure	27,682,304	76,478			27,758,782	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	53,528,934	113,973			53,642,907	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	(16,401,966)	(920,421)			(17,322,387)	
Machinery and Equipment	(5,642,556)	(227,023)			(5,869,579)	
Infrastructure	(18,412,504)	(1,248,205)			(19,660,709)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,457,026)	(2,395,649)			(42,852,675)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	13,071,908	(2,281,676)			10,790,232	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 32,898,904	\$ (1,016,401)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,882,503	

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Public Works Public Safety	\$ 741,709 741,708 
Total depreciation expense – governmental functions	<u>\$ 2,225,125</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:	
Water	\$ 1,223,191
Sewer	<u>1,172,458</u>
Total depreciation expense – business-type functions	\$ 2,395,649

# NOTE 6 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City has established a number of housing assistance loan programs using HOME Investment Partnerships Program grant funds. These loans consist of several loans for first-time home buyers assistance and home rehabilitation assistance loans for qualified persons. The City also utilizes Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) to provide business assistance loans and home rehabilitation loans to qualified persons.

### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following is a schedule of long-term liabilities for Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance at June 30, 2021		A	Additions	Repayments		Balance at June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:	_				_			210 30, 2022	<u> </u>	one real
Compensated absences	\$	496,203	\$	209,381	\$	(277,463)	\$	428,121	\$	-
Total	\$	546,903	\$	209,381	\$	(277,463)	\$	428,121	\$	-
Business-type Activities:							_			
Water Fund:										
Compensated absences	\$	63,614	\$	53,614	\$	(63,614)	\$	53,614	\$	_
2012 Certificates of participation		3,945,000				(595,000)		3,350,000		615,000
2012 Certificates of participation premium		219,802				(41,212)		178,590		41,212
2019 Water revenue bonds		8,050,000				(60,000)		7,990,000		60,000
2019 Water revenue bonds premium		666,662				(22,988)		643,674		22,988
Sewer Fund:						, , ,		•		,
Compensated absences		14,470		14,470		(14,470)		14,470		
2012 Certificates of participation		4,240,000				(640,000)		3,600,000		660,000
2012 Certificates of participation premium		59,507				(11,156)		48,351		11,156
2019 Wastewater revenue bonds		15,485,000				(80,000)		15,405,000		85,000
2019 Wastewater revenue bonds premium		1,007,939				(35,998)		971,941		35,998
Total	\$	35,521,539	\$	68,084	\$	(1,564,438)	\$	32,255,640	\$	1,531,354

# 1. Business-type Activities - Water/Wastewater 2012 COP

On April 1, 2012, the City issued the 2012 certificates of participation in the amount of \$10,065,000 for the water facility and \$8,550,000 for the wastewater facility. The proceeds of the sale were used together with other available moneys to provide funds to the City to prepay and defease on a current basis the City's Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2001 of which \$7,190,000 (water) and \$4,995,000 (sewer) remained outstanding, and to finance certain capital improvements to the City's water and wastewater system, to fund a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October 15 commencing on October 15, 2012 through October 15, 2026 and ranges from 3% to 5%. As of June 30, 2020, the balances remaining for Water and Wastewater Refunding COPs are \$3,350,000 and \$3,600,000 respectively. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

Annual debt service requirements for the Certificates of Participation are shown below:

Fiscal Year	2012 Certificates of Participation - Water							
Ended June 30,	Principal			Interest		Total		
2023	\$	615,000	\$	147,512	\$	762,512		
2024		635,000		120,875		755,875		
2025		665,000		88,375		753,375		
2026		700,000		54,250		754,250		
2027		735,000		18,375		753,375		
	\$	3,350,000	\$	429,387	\$	3,779,387		

# NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year	2012 Certificates of Participation - Wastewater							
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	660,000	\$	136,500	\$	796,500		
2024		690,000		110,287		800,287		
2025		720,000		80,324		800,324		
2026		750,000		49,087		799,087		
2027		780,000		16,575		796,575		
	\$	3,600,000	\$	392,773	\$	3,992,773		

# 2. Business-type Activities - Wastewater Revenue Bonds 2019

On May 1, 2019, the City issued the 2019 Wastewater revenue bonds in the amount of \$15,620,000 and pledged the City's Wastewater Fund as the specific revenue source for the repayment of the debt. The proceeds of the sale were used to provide funds to the City to prepay and defease on a current basis the City's Wastewater Parity COP 2005 in the amount of \$2,105,000 and to finance certain capital improvements to the City's wastewater system, to fund a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October 15 commencing on October 15, 2019 through October 15, 2049 and ranges from 3% to 5%.. As of June 30, 2022, the balance outstanding for 2019 Wastewater revenue bonds was \$15,405,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

On December 1, 2019, the City issued the 2019 Water revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,115,000 and pledged the City's Water Fund as the specific revenue source for the repayment of the debt. The proceeds of the sale were used to provide funds to the City to prepay and defease on a current basis the City's Water Parity COP 2005 in the amount of \$1,535,000 and to finance certain capital improvements to the City's water system, to fund a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually on April and October 15 commencing on April 15, 2020 through April 15, 2050 and ranges from 3% to 5%. As of June 30, 2022, the balance outstanding for 2019 Water revenue bonds was \$7,990,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

Annual debt service requirements for the Revenue Bonds are shown below:

Fiscal Year	2019 Wastewater Revenue Bonds								
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total				
2023	\$	85,000	\$	593,000	\$	678,000			
2024		80,000		590,526		670,526			
2025		85,000		588,050		673,050			
2026		90,000		585,426		675,426			
2027		90,000		582,726		672,726			
2028-2032		2,565,000		2,599,005		5,164,005			
2033-2037		3,075,000		1,951,228		5,026,228			
2038-2042		3,085,000		1,388,205		4,473,205			
2043-2047		3,705,000		748,031		4,453,031			
2048-2050		2,545,000		125,865		2,670,865			
	\$	15,405,000	_\$	9,752,062	\$	25,157,062			

# NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# 2. Business-type Activities - Wastewater Revenue Bonds 2019 (Continued)

Fiscal Year	2019 Water Revenue Bonds								
Ended June 30,	Principal			Interest		Total			
2023	\$	60,000	\$	280,600	\$	340,600			
2024		65,000		278,726		343,726			
2025		65,000		276,776		341,776			
2026		65,000		274,500		339,500			
2027		70,000		273,200		343,200			
2028-2032		1,455,000		1,239,800		2,694,800			
2033-2037		1,670,000		924,600		2,594,600			
2038-2042		1,510,000		666,694		2,176,694			
2043-2047		1,800,000		324,495		2,124,495			
2048-2050		1,230,000		124,244		1,354,244			
	\$	7,990,000	\$	4,663,635	\$	12,653,635			

### 3. Compensated Absences

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note (1). Compensated absences are liquidated primarily by the general fund and proprietary funds. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2022, was \$428,121 for governmental activities and \$68,084 for business-type activities.

### **NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

# California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA)

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority's (Authority) Joint Liability Protection and worker's compensation coverage programs. The Authority is composed of 119 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The Authority began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee. Audited financial statements for the Authority are available from Finance Director, at California Joint Powers Insurance Authority, 8081 Moody Street, La Palma, California 90623.

### **NOTE 9 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City's management, there is no pending litigation that is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City does not offer any other post-employment benefits.

### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions - All qualified employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, cost sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	City N	/lisc Plan	City Safety Plan		
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	50	62	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.00%	2.00%	3.0%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.25%	9.00%	11.50%	
Required employer contribution rates	6.709%	6.237%	13.813%	6.237%	

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July I following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

P:	Proportionate Share of Net PensionLiability							
	Aisc. Plan		Safety Plan	,				
\$	840,360	\$	1,423,795					

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

	City Miscellaneous	City Safety
	Plan	Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.05447%	0.03873%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.04426%	0.04057%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.01021%	0.00184%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$926,859. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	928,581	\$	-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments				(1,581,022)	
Difference between actual vs proportionate contribution		100,449		(91,641)	
Difference in actual experience		337,492			
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		244,339		(13,913)	
Total	\$	1,610,860	\$	(1,686,576)	

\$928,581 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

# NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	
June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (97,284)
2024	(175,689)
2025	(295,395)
2026	 (435,928)
Total	\$ (1,004,297)

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Payroll Growth	3.00%	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	3.30%-14.20% (1)	3.30%-14.20% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% (2)	7.00% (2)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS	" Membership Data

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

# **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound geometric returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses rate.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Year 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Infrastructure and Forestland	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total _	100.00%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Local Government for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disc	ount Rate - 1%	Curren	t Discount Rate	Disco	unt Rate +1%
		6.15%		7.15%		8.15%
Employer's Net Pension Liability - Miscellaneous	\$	2,578,765	\$	840,360	\$	(596,754)
Employer's Net Pension Liability - Safety		2,782,128		1,423,795		308,092
Employer's Net Pension Liability - Total	\$	5,360,893	_\$	2,264,155	\$	(288,662)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

# NOTE 12 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Imperial (City) that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets units until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 2012-04.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as of the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

# A. Capital assets of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	_	alance at e 30, 2021	Add	ditions	De	letions	_	Balance at June 30, 2022		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	311,012		-	\$		\$	311,012		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		311,012						311,012		
Total capital assets, net	\$	311,012	\$		\$		\$	311,012		

# B. Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Balance at June 30, 2021 Additions			 Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2022		Due within one year		
2016 A Series Tax Allocation Bond 2016 B Series Tax Allocation Bond	\$	4,940,000 12,725,000	\$	•	\$ (245,000) (550,000)	\$	4,695,000 12,175,000	\$	250,000 560,000
Totals	\$	17,665,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (795,000)	\$	16,870,000	\$	810,000

# 2016 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 18, 2016, the Successor Agency of the City of Imperial (the "Agency) issued \$6,050,000 refunding the 2005 Tax Allocation Notes. Interest is payable semi-annually every June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2016 and maturing on June 1, 2037 and ranges from 2% to 4%. As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding principal balance is \$4,695,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

# NOTE 12 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (CONTINUED)

# 2016 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

Fiscal Year	2016 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds									
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total				
2023		250,000		172,900	\$	422,900				
2024		250,000		167,900		417,900				
2025		255,000		162,850		417,850				
2026		260,000		155,100		415,100				
2027		270,000		143,150		413,150				
2028-2032		1,535,000		533,500		2,068,500				
2033-2037		1,875,000		193,500		2,068,500				
	\$	4,695,000	\$	1,528,900	\$	6,223,900				

# 2016 Series B Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 18, 2016, the Successor Agency of the City of Imperial (the "Agency) issued \$15,145,000 refunding the 2008 Tax Allocation Notes. Interest is payable semi-annually every June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2016 and maturing on June 1, 2037 and ranges from 0.75% to 4%. As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding principal balance is \$12,175,000. In the event of a default, the full outstanding balance of the debt is due and payable.

Fiscal Year	2016 Series B Tax Allocation Bonds									
Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total					
2023	\$	560,000	\$	433,631	\$	993,631				
2024		580,000		418,656		998,656				
2025		595,000		401,756		996,756				
2026		615,000		383,606		998,606				
2027		630,000		364,538		994,538				
2028-2032		3,495,000		1,465,435		4,960,435				
2033-2037		4,205,000		732,900		4,937,900				
2038		1,495,000		29,900		1,524,900				
	\$	12,175,000	\$	4,230,422	\$	16,405,422				

# **NOTE 13 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Fund Balances	LTDA  General Measure D ARPA						Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for:					_			
Community Development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,653,576	\$ 2,653,576
Public Safety							1,450,817	1,450,817
Public Works			1,5	01,544			3,828,008	5,329,552
Parks and Recreation							2,623,665	2,623,665
Total Restricted			1,5	01,544			10,556,066	12,057,610
Unassigned:	7,7	31,103				(126,188)	(1,098,358)	6,506,557
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,7	31,103	\$ 1,5	01,544	\$	(126,188)	\$ 9,457,708	\$ 18,564,167

# **NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The City may be negatively impacted by the effects of the worldwide coronavirus pandemic. The City is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and reserves and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation. As of the date of issuance of these financial statements, the full impact to the City's financial position is not known.

This page left intentionally blank

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# CITY OF IMPERIAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgete	ed Am	ounts		Actual	,	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues	 			-			(ivegative)
Property Taxes	\$ 1,492,392	\$	1,492,392	\$	1,887,446	\$	395,054
Sales and Use Taxes	2,847,436		2,847,436		3,913,328	•	1,065,892
Business License Taxes	60,000		60,000		71,056		11,056
Transient Occupancy Tax	20,000		20,000		60,001		40,001
Other Taxes	147,889		147,889		62,655		(85,234)
Licenses and Permits	5,128		5,128		9,690		4,562
Fines and Forfeitures	8,000		8,000		183,068		175,068
Use of Money and Property	6,500		6,500		3,768		(2,732)
Charges for Services	2,544,806		2,544,806		3,271,429		726,623
Intergovernmental	2,253,559		2,253,559		2,095,902		(157,657)
Franchise Tax	250,000		250,000		359,662		109,662
Other	ŕ				91,969		91,969
Total Revenues	 9,635,710		9,635,710		12,009,974	_	2,374,264
Expenditures Current							
General Government	4,699,509		4,699,509		2,849,458		1,850,051
Public Safety	4,648,933		4,648,933		4,243,898		405,035
Public Works	2,222,590		2,222,590		3,056,551		
Parks and Recreation	1,996,124		1,996,124		1,486,958		(833,961) 509,166
Community Development	818,853		818,853		766,031		52,822
Capital Outlay	0.10,000		010,055		476,961		
Total Expenditures	14,386,009		14,386,009		12,879,857		(476,961)
•	 1,000,000		1 1,500,007		12,079,037		1,506,152
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	 (4,750,299)		(4,750,299)		(869,883)		3,880,416
Other Financing Sources (uses):							
Transfers In	4,391,878		1,648,647		4,116,647		2,468,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 4,391,878		1,648,647		4,116,647		2,468,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(358,421)		(3,101,652)		3,246,764		6,348,416
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021	4,484,339		4,484,339		4,484,339		_ <del></del>
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 4,125,918	\$	1,382,687	_\$	7,731,103	\$	6,348,416

# CITY OF IMPERIAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL LTA MEASURE D SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Budgeteo Original	i An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Sales and Use Taxes	\$	850,000	\$	850,000	\$	1,071,200	\$ 221,200
Use of Money and Property						455	455
Intergovernmental						1,693,026	1,693,026
Other						214,255	214,255
Total Revenues		850,000	_	850,000		2,978,936	2,128,936
Expenditures							
Current							
Public Works		142,000		142,000		2,747,313	(2,605,313)
Capital Outlay		1,200,000		1,200,000		264,096	935,904
Total Expenditures	_	1,342,000		1,342,000	_	3,011,409	(1,669,409)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures		(492,000)	_	(492,000)		(32,473)	 459,527
Other Financing Sources (uses):							
Transfers Out		(642,719)		(642,719)		(642,719)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(642,719)	_	(642,719)		(642,719)	
• , ,		(= 12,12)	_	(0.2,7.17)		(042,717)	 
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,134,719)		(1,134,719)		(675,192)	459,527
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		2,176,736		2,176,736		2,176,736	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	<u>\$</u>	1,042,017	_\$	1,042,017	\$	1,501,544	\$ 459,527
					_		 

# CITY OF IMPERIAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ARPA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

								ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted	d Ame	ounts		Actual		Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues								
Use of Money and Property	\$	100	\$	100	\$	549	\$	449
Intergovernmental		4,334,689		4,334,689		2,167,345		(2,167,344)
Total Revenues		4,334,789		4,334,789	_	2,167,894		(2,166,895)
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		750,000		750,000		619,110		130,890
Capital Outlay		2,537,668		2,537,668		627,851		1,909,817
Total Expenditures		3,287,668		3,287,668		1,246,961		2,040,707
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		1,047,121		1,047,121		920,933		(126,188)
Other Financing Sources (uses):								
Transfers Out	(	1,047,121)		(1,047,121)		(1,047,121)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,047,121)		(1,047,121)		(1,047,121)		
Net Change in Fund Balance						(126,188)		(126,188)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021				<del></del>				
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$		_\$_	-	\$	(126,188)	_\$	(126,188)

# CITY OF IMPERIAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

# **Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

# Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years\*

	June 30		June 30	, 2020	June 30	, 2021	June 30	, 2022
	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.04726%	0.03965%	0.05071%	0.03895%	0.05447%	0.03873%	0.04426%	0.04057%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,781,201	\$ 2,326,685	\$ 2,030,745	\$ 2,431,739	\$ 2,297,687	\$ 2,580,520	\$ 840,360	\$ 1,423,795
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,150,971	\$ 1,550,355	\$ 3,332,704	\$ 1,779,072	\$ 2,791,116	\$ 1,336,992	\$ 2,811,240	\$ 1,432,882
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	56.53%	150.07%	60.93%	136.69%	82.32%	193.01%	29.89%	99.37%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 8,248,766	\$ 5,822,158	\$ 8,941,408	\$ 6,473,977	\$ 9,716,791	\$ 7,193,696	\$ 12,326,290	\$ 8,667,190
Plan's total pension liability	\$ 10,029,967	\$ 8,148,843	\$10,972,153	\$ 8,905,717	\$12,014,478	\$ 9,774,215	\$ 13,166,650	\$10,090,985
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	82.24%	71.45%	81.49%	72.69%	80.88%	73.60%	93.62%	85.89%
	June 30	, 2018	June 3	0, 2017	June 3	0, 2016	June 3	0, 2015
	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan	Misc Plan	Safety Plan
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.04640%	0.03980%	0.04310%			0.04491%	0.05532%	0.04857%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability								
and the periodic income	\$ 1,829,307	\$ 2,377,969	\$ 1,497,198	\$ 2,141,864	\$ 985,073	\$ 1,850,541	\$ 1,367,153	\$1,821,888
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,829,307 \$ 1,926,480	\$ 2,377,969 \$ 1,022,595	\$ 1,497,198 \$ 1,739,004	\$ 2,141,864 \$ 1,059,307	\$ 985,073 \$1,642,544	\$ 1,850,541 \$ 1,032,855	\$ 1,367,153 \$ 1,651,054	\$1,821,888 \$1,075,212
•	.,,	. ,	, ,	, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Covered-employee payroll  Proportionate Share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,926,480	\$ 1,022,595	\$ 1,739,004	\$ 1,059,307	\$1,642,544	\$1,032,855	\$ 1,651,054	\$1,075,212
Covered-employee payroll  Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,926,480 94.96% \$ 7,433,062	\$ 1,022,595 232.54%	\$ 1,739,004 86.10%	\$ 1,059,307 202.19%	\$1,642,544 59.97%	\$1,032,855 179.17%	\$ 1,651,054 82.80%	\$1,075,212 169.44%

### Notes to Schedule

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a Golden Handshakes).

Change in Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

# CITY OF IMPERIAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

# **Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

# Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years\*

			ne 30,	2019			Jui	ne 3	0, 202	20			June 3	30, 2021		June	30, 2	2022
		Misc Plan		Safety Plan			Misc Plan		9	afety Plan		Mis Plan	-	Safety Plan		Misc Plan	,	Safety Plan
Contractual required contribution (actuar determined)  Contributions in relation to the actuarially	-	\$ 196,0	53	\$ 200,	094	\$	305,5	78	\$	412,2	284	\$ 425	,121	\$ 501,7	38	\$ 486,544	\$	442,037
determined contributions		(196,0	53)	(200,	094	.)	(305,5	78)	(	412,2	284)	(425	,121)	(501,7	38)	(486,544)		(442,037)
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -		\$	-	\$	-		\$			\$	-	\$ -	<del>50)</del>	\$ -		-
Covered employee payroll		\$ 3,150,9	71	\$ 1,550,	355	\$ :	3,332,70	04	\$ 1,	779,0	72	\$2,791	,116	\$ 1,336,9	92	\$2,811,240	\$	1,432,882
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6.2	2%	12.	91%	ó	9.1	7%		23.1	7%	15.	23%	37.5	3%	17.31%		30.85%
	_	June 30	, 2018	3			lune 30,	201	7			June	30, 20	016		June 30	20	15
		Misc Plan		afety Plan		Mis Pla	-	5	Safety Plan			Misc Plan		Safety Plan		Misc Plan	, <u></u>	Safety Plan
Contractual required contribution (actuarially determined)  Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	146,000	\$ 1	52,674	\$	249	9,335	\$	161,1	09	\$	223,103	 s	182,273	\$	313,414	\$	374,623
determined contributions		(146,000)		52,674)	_	(249	9,335)		161,1	09)		(223,103	9	(182,273)		(313,414)		(374,623)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		_\$		_\$		<u> </u>	\$	:		\$		<u></u>		\$	•	\$_	
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,926,480	\$1,0	22,595	\$	1,739	9,004	\$1,	059,3	07	\$	1,642,544	\$	1,032,855	\$	1,651,054	\$	1,075,212
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		7.58%		14.93%		14	1.34%		15.2	1%		13.58%	6	17.65%		18.98%		34.84%

### Notes to Schedule

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period For detail, see June 30, 2012 Funding Valuation Report
Assets Valuation Method Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2012

Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll Growth 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative

Expenses; includes Inflation.

Retirement Age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-

retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates included 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the

Society of Actuaries.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

This page left intentionally blank

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Traffic Congestion Relief Fund was established to account for TCRF funding for streets and road projects to ease congestion.

The Traffic Safety Fund was established to account money received for traffics safety programs.

The Gas Tax Fund was established to account for state gas tax revenues based on population. The revenues may be expended only for street and road repair, maintenance, design, construction, and traffic signal design and installation.

The Local Transportation Fund was established to funding received for local transportation capital projects.

The Dial-A-Ride Fund was established to account for monies received as part of the TDA paratransit program.

The Successor Housing Fund was established to account for the housing loan and housing rehabilitation loans as part of the former redevelopment agency.

The Public Safety Prop 172 Fund was established to account for Prop 172 public safety funds received by the City and dedicated to local public safety.

The COPS Grants Fund was established to account for monies received as part of several COPS police hiring grant from the United States Department of Justice.

The Asset Forfeiture Fund was established to account for monies received from asset seizures in the City's jurisdiction. The monies are to be spent on police protection and enforcement.

The CDBG HOME Fund was established to account for federal grants under the Housing and Community Development Act, to assist low and moderate income groups in obtaining loans to rehabilitate or revitalize their homes.

The Housing Rehabilitation Fund was established to account for funds to assist low and moderate income groups in obtaining loans to rehabilitate or revitalize their homes.

The ED CDBG Grants Fund was established to account for federal planning grants under the Housing and Community Development Act.

The RLA Fund was established to bridge the gap between old development and new development where Landscaping and Lighting Districts are not set up.

The Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for projects and maintenance within the Wildflower Landscaping and Lighting District.

The Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for projects and maintenance within the Paseo Del Sol Landscaping and Lighting District.

The Joshua Tree Street Improvement Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for Joshua Tree Street Improvement project.

The Library Donation Fund was established to account for donations received at the library.

The Sky Ranch District Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for projects and maintenance within the Sky Ranch District.

The Prop 1B Fund was established to account for Prop 1B funds that are used for local streets and roads.

The Library Literacy Fund was established to account for funds received and expended as part of the library literacy program.

The Police Technology Grant Fund was established to account for funds received as part of police technology grants.

The Austin Worthington Roads Fund was established to account for costs related to Austin Worthington Roads projects.

The Community Services Grant Fund was established to account for community services grants.

The General Housing Fund was established to account program revenue and costs associated with general housing programs.

The Fire Impact Fees Fund was established to account for fire impact fees.

The Police Impact Fees Fund was established to account for police impact fees.

The Administrative Impact Fees Fund was established to account for administrative impact fees.

The Library Impact Fees Fund was established to account for library impact fees.

The Park Impact Fees Fund was established to account for park impact fees.

The Circulation Impact Fees Fund was established to account for circulation impact fees.

The STPL Fund was established to account for funds received and expended for highway planning and construction projects.

The EDA Fund was established for funds received for Economic Development Administration programs.

The SB 1 Fund was established to account for funds provided for street projects as part of California Senate Bill 1.

**ARPA Utility Fund** was established to account for funds received as part of the American Rescue Plan dedicated towards utility assistance.

CARES Fund was established to account for funds received as part of COVID-19 Economic Relief Act.

Early Learning Grant Fund was established to account for funds received as part of California Early Learning and Care Workforce Development Pathways Grant.

Per Capita Grant Fund was established to account for funds made available for local park rehabilitation, creation, and improvement grants to local governments on a per capita basis

SB2 Fund was established to account for funds received as part of the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.

Utility Assistance Fund was established to account for funds provided for utility assistance for residents.

# CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

					Sp	ecial Reve	nue F	unds		
		Traffic ongestion Relief		Traffic Safety		Gas Tax	Tra	Local Insportation		Dial-A- Ride
Assets										
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Loans Receivable	\$	-	\$	10,443	\$	848,286 48,051	\$	418,799	\$	14,607
Total Assets	\$		\$	10,443	<u> </u>	896,337	<u>\$</u>	418,799	\$	14,607
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$		S	_	\$	_	\$		\$	
Due To Other Funds		29,996	_							
Total Liabilities		29,996								
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Loan Related										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		29,996								
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Restricted				10,443		896,337		418,799		14,607
Unassigned		(29,996)								14,007
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(29,996)		10,443		896,337		418,799		14,607
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u> </u>		\$	10,443	\$	896,337	\$	418,799	<u> </u>	14,607

_					Speci	al Re	venue Fun	ds			
-	Successor Housing		Public Safety Prop 172	cc	OPS Grants	F	Asset orfeiture	CE	BG HOME Grant		Housing Rehab
\$	601,904	\$	40,189	\$	172,555	\$	16,458	\$	130,782	\$	53,555
	189,980								741,380		291,392
	791,884	\$	40,189	<u>\$</u>	172,555		16,458	<u>\$</u>	872,162	\$	344,947
\$	383,172	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$		\$	
_	383,172			_		_				_	
_	189,980								741,380		291,392
	189,980								741,380		291,392
	573,152	_							741,380		291,392
	218,732		40,189		172,555		16,458		130,782		53,555
	218,732		40,189		172,555		16,458		130,782		53,555
\$	791,884	\$	40,189	\$	172,555	<u> </u>	16,458	\$	872,162	\$	344,947

Continued

### CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

				Sp	ecial Reve	nue F	unds		
	ED DBG		RLA	L	Vildflower andscape Lighting	L	eo Del Sol andscape Lighting	Tı	Joshua ree Street provemen
Assets									
Cash and Investments	\$ 50	\$	82,972	\$	241,864	\$	55,258	\$	31,287
Accounts Receivable			,		271		,	•	,
Loans Receivable	 	_	154,070						
Total Assets	\$ 50	<u>\$</u>	237,042	<u>\$</u>	242,135	\$	55,258	_\$_	31,287
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$ _	\$		\$		\$	9,736	\$	_
Due To Other Funds	 			_		_		_	
Total Liabilities	 						9,736		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Loan Related	 		154,070						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 	_	154,070						
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows									
of Resources	 		154,070	_			9,736		
Fund Balances (Deficits)									
Restricted	50		82,972		242,135		45,522		31,287
Unassigned	 			_			- ,		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	50	_	82,972		242,135		45,522		31,287
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 50	\$	237,042	\$	242,135	\$	55,258	\$	31,287

 				Specia	l Rev	enue Fund	ls			
 Library Donation	S	Sky Ranch District		Prop 1B		Library Literacy	Т	Police echnology Grant	W	Austin orthington
\$ 773	\$	650,162 1,470	\$		\$	54,131	\$	•	\$	95,750
\$ 773	\$	651,632	\$		\$	54,131	<u>\$</u>		<u> </u>	95,750
\$ •	\$	-	\$	164,419	\$	1,832	\$	112,075	\$	-
 			· <del></del>	164,419		1,832	_	112,075		<del></del>
						<del></del>				
				164,419	_	1,832	_	112,075		
773		651,632		(164,419)		52,299		(112,075)		95,750
 773		651,632		(164,419)		52,299		(112,075)		95,750
\$ 773	\$	651,632	\$		\$	54,131	\$	•	\$	95,750

Continued

# CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

			_		Sp	ecial Reven	ue F	unds		
	S	mmunity Services Grant		General Housing		Fire Impact Fees		Police Impact Fees		Admin Impact Fees
Assets										
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	1,113	\$	531,817	\$	201,678	\$	1,019,937	\$	978,502
Loans Receivable				125,367						
Total Assets	_\$	1,113	<u> </u>	657,184	<u>\$</u>	201,678	_\$	1,019,937	<u>\$</u>	978,502
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	•	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities										
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Loan Related				125,367						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				125,367						
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources				125,367						
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted Unassigned		1,113		531,817		201,678		1,019,937		978,502
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		1,113		531,817		201,678		1,019,937		978,502
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		1,113	_\$_	657,184	_\$_	201,678	_\$_	1,019,937	\$	978,502

					Specia	l Reve	nue Fui	nds			
_	Library Impact Fees		Park Impact Fees	С	irculation Impact Fees		TPL		EDA		SB I
\$	766,242	\$	1,803,863	\$	752,176 48,157	\$	-	\$	602,085	\$	578,075 43,088
	766,242	\$	1,803,863		800,333	\$			602,085	<u>s</u>	621,163
\$	-	<b>s</b>	•	\$	•	<b>\$</b>	- 5,001	\$		\$	<u>.</u>
_		_				61	5,001			_	
_		_		_				_			
_		_				61	5,001			_	
	766,242		1,803,863		800,333	(61	5,001)		602,085		621,163
_	766,242		1,803,863		800,333	(61	5,001)		602,085		621,163
_\$_	766,242	_\$_	1,803,863	\$	800,333	\$		\$	602,085	\$	621,163

### CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Funds

	<u>Sp</u>	ecial Kev	enue	Funds				
		ARPA Utility		CARES	Ear	ly Learning Grant	F	er Capita
Assets								
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Loans Receivable	\$	2,662	\$	20,680	\$	11,986	\$	-
Total Assets	\$	2,662	\$	20,680	\$	11,986	\$	•
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	•	\$ 	-	\$	- 176,867
Total Liabilities								176,867
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Loan Related								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources								176,867
fund Balances (Deficits)								
Restricted Unassigned		2,662		20,680		11,986		(176,867)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		2,662		20,680		11,986		(176,867)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	_\$	2,662	\$	20,680	\$	11,986	\$	

	Special Re	Total Nonmajor Governmental						
	SB 2	A	Utility Assistance	Funds				
<u> </u>				_				
3	-	\$	19,753	\$	10,810,394			
					141,037 1,502,189			
		- —		_	1,302,189			
\$		\$	19,753	_\$_	12,453,620			
\$	•	\$	•	\$	394,740			
		- —			1,098,358			
	<u> </u>				1,493,098			
		· —			1,502,189			
					1,502,189			
					2 005 207			
		· —			2,995,287			
			19,753		10,556,691			
					(1,098,358)			
			19,753		9,458,333			
<u>\$</u>		_\$	19,753	\$	12,453,620			

# CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds								
	C	Traffic Congestion Relief		Traffic Safety		Gas Tax		Local Transportation		Dial-A- Ride
Revenues:										
Use of Money and Property Charges for Services Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	4,883	\$	332 534,825	\$	149 23,549	\$	-
Other								20,2 15		
Total Revenues				4,887	_	535,157		23,698		
Expenditures: Current: Community Development Public Safety										
Public Works Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay								18,369		
Total Expenditures								18,369		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures				4,887		535,157		5,329		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In										
Transfers Out Total Other Financing		(30,000)		(3,500)		(338,775)		(5,000)		
Sources (Uses)		(30,000)		(3,500)		(338,775)		(5,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(30,000)		1,387		196,382		329		
Fund Balances - July 1, 2021	_	4		9,056		699,955		418,470		14,607
Fund Balances - June 30, 2022	\$	(29,996)	<u>\$</u>	10,443	_\$_	896,337	\$	418,799	\$	14,607

Special Revenue Funds													
	Successor Housing		Public Safety Prop 172		COPS Grants		Asset Forfeiture		CDBG HOME Grant		Housing Rehab		
\$	10,144	\$	20	\$	28	\$	6	\$	46	\$	407		
	31,980		100,313		138,445						3,153		
	42,124	_	100,333	_	138,473	_	6		46	_	3,560		
	535				18,035		3,989						
	383,172				35,937								
	383,707				53,972		3,989	_					
_	(341,583)		100,333		84,501	· <del></del>	(3,983)		46_		3,560		
			(91,879)								(5,000)		
			(91,879)								(5,000)		
	(341,583)		8,454		84,501		(3,983)		46		(1,440)		
	560,315		31,735		88,054		20,441		130,736		54,995		
\$_	218,732	\$	40,189	\$	172,555	\$	16,458	\$	130,782	\$	53,555		

Continued

### CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

scar year Ended June 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

				Special Revenue Funds						
	ED				Wildflower Landscape		seo Del Sol Landscape	Т	Joshua ree Street	
_	CDBG		RLA		Lighting		Lighting	Improvement		
Revenues:										
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	3,266	\$	80	\$	92	\$	-	
Charges for Services					59,680		64,453			
Intergovernmental			25,681							
Other										
Total Revenues	 		28,947		59,760		64,545			
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Community Development										
Public Safety										
Public Works					4,616		22,529			
Parks and Recreation					4,010		22,329			
Capital Outlay							135,508			
		-					133,308			
Total Expenditures	 				4,616		158,037			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (Under) Expenditures			28,947		55,144		(02.402)			
and (amout) Emponements		_	20,747		33,144		(93,492)		<del></del>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In										
Transfers Out										
	 		(5,000)		(31,589)		(112,857)			
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	 		(5,000)		(31,589)		(112,857)			
Net Change in Fund Balances			23,947		23,555		(206,349)			
Fund Balances - July 1, 2021	 50		59,025		218,580		251,871		31,287	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2022	 50	<u>\$</u>	82,972		242,135	\$	45,522	<u>\$</u>	31,287	

_				_	Special Rev	enue	Funds				
	Library Donation		Sky Ranch District		Prop 1B		Library Literacy	Police Technology Grant		Austin Worthington	
\$	-	\$	251 221,480	\$	-	\$	62,300	\$	-	\$	-
	32	· —	221,731			_	62,318	_			
			39,184				40,664				
		_	39,184				40,664				
_	32		182,547				21,654				
			(215,625)				(39,742)				
			(215,625)				(39,742)				
	32		(33,078)				(18,088)				
	741		684,710		(164,419)		70,387		(112,075)		95,750
\$	773	\$	651,632	_\$_	(164,419)		52,299	<u>\$</u>	(112,075)		95,750

Continued

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

				Spe	ecial	Revenue Fui	nds			
		ommunity Services Grant		General Housing		Fire Impact Fees		Police Impact Fees		Admin Impact Fees
Revenues:				***************************************		1003		1 003		1 663
Use of Money and Property Charges for Services Intergovernmental Other	\$	2	\$	2,756 24,993	\$	710 26,640	\$	1,688 55,463	\$	1,680 58,152
Total Revenues		2	_	27,749		27,350	-	57,151	-	59,832
Expenditures: Current: Community Development Public Safety Public Works Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay		3,818				1,665	_	1,665		1,665
Total Expenditures		3,818				1,665		1,665		1,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures		(3,816)		27,749		25,685	_	55,486		58,167
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(5,000)			_			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,816)		22,749		25,685		55,486		58,167
Fund Balances - July 1, 2021		4,929		509,068		175,993		964,451		920,335
Fund Balances - June 30, 2022	_\$	1,113	\$	531,817	\$	201,678	_\$	1,019,937	\$	978,502

					Special Rev	enue	Funds			
_	Library Impact Fees		Park Impact Fees		irculation Impact Fees		STPL		EDA	SB I
\$	1,593 56,041	\$	8,823 450,080	\$	2,188 135,337	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 133 449,219
	57,634	_	458,903	_	137,525	- -				 449,352
	1,665		8,969		1,665					4,175
	1,665	_	8,969		1,665	_		_		4,175
	55,969		449,934	_	135,860	_				 445,177
			(25,000)			_				 
	55,969		424,934		135,860					445,177
	710,273		1,378,929		664,473	_	(615,001)		602,085	 175,986
_\$	766,242		1,803,863	\$	800,333	\$	(615,001)	\$	602,085	\$ 621,163

### CITY OF IMPERIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

			_	Special Re	venue	Funds		
		ARPA Utility		CARES	Ear	ly Learning Grant		Per Capita
Revenues:								
Use of Money and Property Charges for Services Intergovernmental Other	\$	37	\$	9	\$	9	\$	•
Total Revenues		37	_	9		9	_	
Expenditures: Current:								
Community Development Public Safety Public Works		103,207		10,645		20,138		
Parks and Recreation Capital Outlay								135,780 11,351
Total Expenditures		103,207		10,645		20,138		147,131
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures		(103,170)		(10,636)		(20,129)		(147,131)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In								
Transfers Out Total Other Financing		(750)					_	
Sources (Uses)	_	(750)						
Net Change in Fund Balances		(103,920)		(10,636)		(20,129)		(147,131)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2021		106,582		31,316		32,115		(29,736)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2022		2,662	_\$	20,680	\$	11,986	<u>\$</u>	(176,867)

	Special R	<u>evenue Fu</u>	nds		Total
SI	B 2	Α	Utility ssistance	G	Nonmajor iovernmental Funds
					_
\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,471
					1,157,202
			36,149		1,405,614
					32
			36,149		2,597,319
			16,438		152,628
					25,354
					90,538
					190,896
					565,968
			16,438		1,025,384
			19,711		1,571,935
			42		42 (909,717)
					(909,717)
	·		42		(909,675)
			19,753		662,260
					8,796,073
<b>\$</b>		<b>. S</b>	19,753	\$	9,458,333

This page left intentionally blank

### CITY OF IMPERIAL TRAFFIC CONGESTION RELIEF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Use of Money and Property	\$	50	\$	-	\$	(50)	
Charges For Services		30,000				(30,000)	
Total Revenues		30,050				(30,050)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers Out		(30,000)		(30,000)			
Total Other Financing			-				
Sources (Uses)		(30,000)		(30,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		50		(30,000)		(30,050)	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		4		4			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	54	\$	(29,996)	\$	(30,050)	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL TRAFFIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final udget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Use of Money and Property	\$ 20	\$ 4	\$	(16)	
Charges For Services	 3,500	4,883		1,383	
Total Revenues	 3,520	4,887		1,367	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out	 (3,500)	(3,500)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (3,500)	(3,500)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	20	1,387		1,367	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021	 9,056	 9,056			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 9,076	\$ 10,443	\$	1,367	

## CITY OF IMPERIAL GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					_		
Use of Money and Property	\$	500	\$	332	\$	(168)	
Intergovernmental		438,723		534,825		96,102	
Total Revenues		439,223		535,157		95,934	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers Out		(338,775)		(338,775)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(338,775)		(338,775)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		100,448		196,382		95,934	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		699,955		699,955			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	800,403	<u>\$</u>	896,337	\$	95,934	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL LOCAL TRANSPORTATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Use of Money and Property	\$	500	\$ 149	\$	(351)
Intergovernmental		64,026	23,549		(40,477)
Total Revenues		64,526	23,698		(40,828)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Works		36,400	18,369		18,031
Capital Outlay		416,000			416,000
Total Expenditures		452,400	 18,369		434,031
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(387,874)	 5,329		393,203
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out		(5,000)	 (5,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,000)	(5,000)		
()		(3,000)	 (3,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(392,874)	329		393,203
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021	_	418,470	 418,470		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	_\$_	25,596	\$ 418,799	\$	393,203

### CITY OF IMPERIAL SUCCESSOR AGENCY HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Use of Money and Property	\$ 11,500	\$	10,144	\$	(1,356)	
Intergovernmental	 		31,980		31,980	
Total Revenues	11,500		42,124		30,624	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community Development	10,000		535		9,465	
Capital Outlay	524,542		383,172		141,370	
Total Expenditures	 534,542		383,707		150,835	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (523,042)		(341,583)	<del>-</del> .	181,459	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(523,042)		(341,583)		181,459	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021	 560,315		560,315			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 37,273	\$	218,732	<u>\$</u>	181,459	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL PUBLIC SAFETY PROP 172 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	1	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Final	nce with Budget (Negative)
Revenues:					<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	_\$	92,050	\$ 100,313	\$	8,263
Total Revenues		92,050	100,333		8,283
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		92,050	100,333		8,283
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out		(91,879)	(91,879)		
Total Other Financing		(* 2,5 * 7)	 (21,072)		
Sources (Uses)	_	(91,879)	(91,879)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		171	8,454		8,283
Fund Balance - July 1, 2011		31,735	31,735		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	31,906	\$ 40,189	\$	8,283

## CITY OF IMPERIAL CDBG HOME GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Use of Money and Property	<u> </u>	500	_			
Total Revenues	\$	500		46		(454)
Total Revenues		500		46		(454)
Net Change in Fund Balance		500		46		(454)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		130,736		130,736	<del></del>	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	131,236	\$	130,782	\$	(454)

### CITY OF IMPERIAL HOUSING REHABILITATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Davanuasi	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•					
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,000	\$ 407	\$	(593)	
Intergovernmental		80,325	 3,153	· <del></del>	(77,172)	
Total Revenues		81,325	 3,560		(77,765)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community Development	_	76,725			76,725	
Total Expenditures		76,725			76,725	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		4,600	3,560		(1,040)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(5,000)	(5,000)			
Total Other Financing		(3,000)	 (5,000)			
Sources (Uses)		(5,000)	(5,000)			
N. Cl. in in	-					
Net Change in Fund Balance		(400)	(1,440)		(1,040)	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021	<u></u>	54,995	 54,995			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	54,595	\$ 53,555	\$	(1,040)	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	54,595	\$ 53,555	\$	(1,040	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL RLA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative	
Revenues:						( 8 1)
Use of Money and Property	\$	2,000	\$	3,266	\$	1,266
Intergovernmental		5,000		25,681		20,681
Total Revenues		7,000		28,947		21,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,000		28,947		21,947
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(5,000)		(5,000)		
Total Other Financing				(-,)		
Sources (Uses)		(5,000)		(5,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,000		23,947		21,947
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		59,025		59,025		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	61,025	\$	82,972	\$	21,947

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL

### WILDFLOWER LANDSCAPING AND LIGHTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	80	\$	80
Charges for Services		23,078		59,680		36,602
Total Revenues		23,078		59,760		36,682
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Works		7,300		4,616		2,684
Total Expenditures		7,300		4,616		2,684
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		15,778		55,144		39,366
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(31,589)		(31,589)		
Total Other Financing		(5 1,5 0)		(31,30)		
Sources (Uses)		(31,589)		(31,589)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,811)		23,555		39,366
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		218,580		218,580		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	202,769	\$	242,135	\$	39,366

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL

### PASEO DEL SOL LANDSCAPING AND LIGHTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
				<u> </u>
\$ -	\$	92	\$	92
54,100		64,453		10,353
 54,100		64,545		10,445
8,800		22,529		(13,729)
·		,		(135,508)
 8,800		158,037		(149,237)
 45,300		(93,492)		(138,792)
(112,857)		(112,857)		
 (112,857)		(112,857)		
(67,557)		(206,349)		(138,792)
251,871		251,871		·
\$ 184,314	\$	45,522	\$	(138,792)
	Budget  \$	8,800 8,800 45,300 (112,857) (112,857) (67,557) 251,871	Budget       Amount         \$ - \$ 92         54,100       64,453         54,100       64,545         8,800       22,529         135,508         8,800       158,037         45,300       (93,492)         (112,857)       (112,857)         (67,557)       (206,349)         251,871       251,871	Final Budget Amount Posit  \$ - \$ 92 \$  54,100 64,453  54,100 64,545    8,800 22,529  135,508  8,800 158,037   45,300 (93,492)  (112,857) (112,857)  (112,857) (112,857)  (67,557) (206,349)  251,871 251,871

### CITY OF IMPERIAL JOSHUA TREE STREET IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Expenditures:	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	\$	31,287 31,287	\$	-	\$	31,287 31,287	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(31,287)				31,287	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31,287)				31,287	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		31,287		31,287			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$		\$	31,287	\$	31,287	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL LIBRARY DONATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

_		Final Judget		ctual iount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•		_				
Other	_\$			32	\$	32	
Total Revenues				32		32	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Parks and Recreation		3,307				3,307	
Total Expenditures		3,307				3,307	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,307)		32		3,339	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,307)		32		3,339	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		741	-	741			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	(2,566)	\$	773	\$	3,339	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL SKY RANCH DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			<del>_</del>		
Use of Money and Property	\$	3,000	\$ 251	\$	(2,749)
Charges for Services		217,500	221,480		3,980
Total Revenues		220,500	221,731		1,231
Expenditures: Current:					
Public Works Capital Outlay		14,100	39,184		(25,084)
Total Expenditures		14,100	 39,184		(25,084)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		206,400	 182,547		(23,853)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out Total Other Financing		(215,625)	 (215,625)		
Sources (Uses)		(215,625)	(215,625)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(9,225)	(33,078)		(23,853)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		684,710	 684,710		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	675,485	\$ 651,632	\$	(23,853)

#### CITY OF IMPERIAL

### LIBRARY LITERACY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

)22

	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fina	ance with al Budget e (Negative)
Revenues:		<u>_</u>			o (1.togati.to)
Use of Money and Property	\$	100	\$ 18	\$	(82)
Intergovernmental		44,580	62,300	·	17,720
Total Revenues		44,680	62,318		17,638
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Parks and Recreation		46,000	40,664		5,336
Total Expenditures		46,000	40,664		5,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,320)	21,654		22,974
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In					
Transfers Out		(39,742)	(39,742)		
Total Other Financing			 (-1,1-1)		
Sources (Uses)		(39,742)	(39,742)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(41,062)	(18,088)		22,974
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		70,387	70,387		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	29,325	\$ 52,299	\$	22,974

### CITY OF IMPERIAL

#### GENERAL HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal	Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Use of Money and Property	\$	2,500	\$	2,756	\$	256
Charges for Services		20,000		24,993		4,993
Total Revenues		22,500		27,749		5,249
Expenditures: Current:						
Community Development		5,900				5,900_
Total Expenditures		5,900				5,900
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		16,600		27,749		11,149
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(5,000)		(5,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,000)		(5,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		11,600		22,749		11,149
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		509,068		509,068		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	520,668	\$	531,817	\$	11,149

## CITY OF IMPERIAL FIRE IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Use of Money and Property	\$	150	\$	710	\$	560
Charges for Services		15,000		26,640		11,640
Total Revenues		15,150		27,350		12,200
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety		2,500		1,665		835
Capital Outlay		166,292		,		166,292
Total Expenditures		168,792		1,665		167,127
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(153,642)		25,685		179,327
Net Change in Fund Balance		(153,642)		25,685	,	179,327
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		175,993		175,993		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	22,351	\$	201,678	\$	179,327

# CITY OF IMPERIAL POLICE IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					( 3)	
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,000	\$ 1,688	\$	688	
Charges for Services		45,000	55,463		10,463	
Total Revenues		46,000	57,151		11,151	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety		2,700	1,665		1,035	
Capital Outlay		967,820	.,		967,820	
Total Expenditures		970,520	1,665		968,855	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(924,520)	 55,486		980,006	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(924,520)	55,486		980,006	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		964,451	 964,451	-		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	39,931	 1,019,937	\$	980,006	

### CITY OF IMPERIAL ADMINISTRATION IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		ActualAmount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	-					
Use of Money and Property	\$	800	\$	1,680	\$	880
Charges for Services		45,000		58,152		13,152
Total Revenues		45,800		59,832		14,032
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community Development		2,500		1,665		835
Capital Outlay	_	921,529				921,529
Total Expenditures		924,029		1,665		922,364
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(878,229)		58,167		936,396
Net Change in Fund Balance		(878,229)		58,167		936,396
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		920,335		920,335		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	42,106	\$	978,502	\$	936,396

### CITY OF IMPERIAL LIBRARY IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				<del>-</del>		
Use of Money and Property	\$	700	\$	1,593	\$	893
Charges for Services		30,000		56,041		26,041
Total Revenues		30,700		57,634		26,934
Expenditures: Current:						
Parks and Recreation		2,500		1,665		835
Capital Outlay		701,421				701,421
Total Expenditures		703,921		1,665		702,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(673,221)		55,969		729,190
Net Change in Fund Balance		(673,221)		55,969		729,190
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		710,273		710,273		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	37,052	\$	766,242	\$	729,190

## CITY OF IMPERIAL PARK IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Final Budget	Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						( 0 - )
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,000	\$	8,823	\$	7,823
Charges for Services		180,000		450,080		270,080
Total Revenues		181,000		458,903		277,903
Expenditures: Current:						
Parks and Recreation		73,000		8,969		64,031
Capital Outlay		350,000		0,707		350,000
Total Expenditures		423,000		8,969		414,031
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(242,000)		449,934		691,934
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(25,000)				25,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)				25,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(267,000)		449,934		716,934
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		1,378,929		1,378,929		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	1,111,929	\$	1,828,863	\$	716,934

## CITY OF IMPERIAL CIRCULATION IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:				<del></del> -			
Use of Money and Property	\$	600	\$	2,188	\$	1,588	
Charges for Services		90,000		135,337		45,337	
Total Revenues		90,600		137,525		46,925	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Works		52,000		1,665		50,335	
Capital Outlay		500,000				500,000	
Total Expenditures		552,000		1,665		550,335	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(461,400)		135,860		597,260	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(461,400)		135,860		597,260	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		664,473		664,473			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	203,073	\$	800,333	\$	597,260	

# CITY OF IMPERIAL SB1 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues:	 Final Budget	 Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget sitive (Negative)
Use of Money and Property Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$  376,396 376,496	\$ 133 449,219 449,352	•	33 72,823 72,856
Expenditures: Current:				
Public Works Total Expenditures	 5,500 5,500	 4,175 4,175		1,325 1,325
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 370,996	 445,177		74,181
Net Change in Fund Balance	370,996	445,177		74,181
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021	 175,986	175,986	_	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 546,982	\$ 621,163	\$	74,181

### CITY OF IMPERIAL SB1 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Use of Money and Property	\$	100	\$	133	\$	33
Intergovernmental		376,396		449,219		72,823
Total Revenues		376,496		449,352		72,856
Expenditures: Current:						
Public Works		5,500		4,175		1,325
Total Expenditures		5,500		4,175		1,325
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		370,996		445,177		74,181
Net Change in Fund Balance		370,996		445,177		74,181
Fund Balance - July 1, 2021		175,986		175,986		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022	\$	546,982	\$	621,163	\$	74,181